



Federal Investments by Congressional District

Outlining the resources
supporting Ohio entities

Key Takeaways

- In Federal Fiscal Year 2021, the federal government invested \$58 billion for a wide array of activities in Ohio. This funding helps to support safety net programs such as SNAP and Head Start, but also to fund non-profits, higher education, and small businesses.
- The Department of Education provided the most resources to Ohio, at \$14 billion. Most of this money was allocated to school districts and higher education for emergency support to assist during the pandemic. Excluding pandemic-related aid, Federal Pell Grants was the largest line item.
- Ohio Congressional District 6 received the most amount of federal investment, at \$6.4 billion. This district is also considered part of the central and eastern Appalachia region of Ohio. Some of the money awarded through ARPA dollars created the Appalachian Community Grant program. This district also received the majority of the funding allocated by the Corporation for National and Community Service, which oversees AmeriCorps.
- There are almost 114,000 federal employees that live in Ohio. Ohio's Congressional District 10 has the largest federal workforce with almost 20,000 employees, likely due to the Wright Patterson Air Force Base.
- If all federal employees in Ohio lost their jobs, the unemployment rate would jump to 6.7 percent from the current rate of 4.8 percent. Including contractors, academic institutions, and other organizations that rely on federal investments to retain employees, this number could be much higher.
- Federal employees support the labor force in every congressional district in Ohio. In some districts, the unemployment rate would almost double if all federal employees were subject to governmental efficiency cuts. In Congressional District 11, the unemployment rate would be 12 percent.

[Check out an interactive map of federal investment in Ohio's Congressional districts!](#)



The Center for Community Solutions previously examined [federal funds utilized by counties](#), highlighting the critical role these funds play in supporting local services. However, this only illustrated one way that federal funds flow through the state as this funding is present in many other places outside of the county budget process. To fully understand the extent of federal investments flowing to Ohio, the complete scope of its distribution needs to be considered. This includes allocations to businesses, the state, counties, municipalities, nonprofit and for-profit entities, educational organizations including school districts, colleges, universities, and many others.



The impact of federal support for Ohio is immense and cannot be overstated. With nearly \$58 billion flowing into the state, it underpins a wide range of programs and services. Losing this investment would be irreplaceable and cannot be replaced by state or local resources. Only the federal government has the financial capacity to sustain funding at this scale, and without it, many essential services—such as job training, health coverage, highway construction, and clean water initiatives—would be at risk.

Methodology

This work builds upon the [previous research](#) from The Center for Community Solutions completed at the county level. However, instead of just federal dollars that are ultimately dispersed by county governments, this analysis looks at all federal investments dispersed through all organizations by Ohio Congressional District. Congressional districts are the areas from which members are elected to the U.S. House of Representatives. While varying in geographic size, they are about equal in population. Ohio's Congressional Districts are drawn by the Ohio Redistricting Commission. The Commission is comprised of members of the Ohio House and Senate, along with other Ohio elected officials, such as the Governor. While each district has approximately the same population, the boundaries of the districts and concentration of populations are up to the discretion of those tasked with redistricting.

Several data sources were used for this analysis. The U.S. Census Bureau was used to get population estimates for per capita calculations and to examine federal employees by congressional district. USASpending.gov was used to examine federal investments for entities in each congressional district, which has information on federal spending and awards through contracts, grants, and loans. Federal Fiscal Year (FFY) 2021 was used for this analysis. This year was the most recent year that all county financial audits were available. It is important to note that in 2021, grants from The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act, The Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSA), and The American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) was still being dispersed.

While some federal awards were already sorted into Congressional Districts, most were not and were classified into one of two groups. The first group was multiple congressional districts, which was common for awards to counties that are split between two congressional districts or awards to projects that span numerous congressional districts. The other group was unclassified geography, which was common for awards to the State of Ohio as the state has discretion in how this funding is distributed. To distribute investments without a dedicated congressional district a methodology was developed to



first distribute federal funds by county and then into congressional districts. To distribute dollars into counties, the [county federal funding analysis](#) was used to estimate the percentage of funds from each federal entity to go to each county. Then utilizing a methodology to sort county spending into congressional districts was used. Since congressional districts do not follow county lines Census Tracts were used to determine where people within the county are living to apportion the funding appropriately.

Awarding Agencies

While there are 22 different federal entities that awarded resources that were spent in Ohio during FFY 2021, **the top six agencies that awarded funding account for 96.48 percent of all investments.**

Top Federal Awarding Agencies

Agency	Amount Awarded	Primary Funded Activities
Department of Education	\$ 14,063,080,263	COVID-19 pandemic response & Federal Pell Grants
Department of Treasury	\$12,733,613,627	COVID-19 pandemic response
Department of Health and Human Service	\$11,058,120,029	Medicaid, grants such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) and Head Start, and research projects through the National Institute of Health
Department of Agriculture	\$8,935,882,326	Food Security Programs: Supplemental Nutritional Assistance Program (SNAP) & National School Lunch Program
Department of Transportation	\$5,582,268,332	Planning and construction of highways & transit in urbanized areas
Department of Housing and Urban Development	\$3,541,750,198	Public housing operating costs, rental assistance, Section 8 housing choice vouchers, and community development work



All the federal agencies that awarded investments in Ohio:

Federal Entity	Amount	Percent
Department of Education	\$14,063,080,263	24.26%
Department of the Treasury	\$12,733,613,627	21.97%
Department of Health and Human Service	\$11,058,120,029	19.08%
Department of Agriculture	\$8,935,882,326	15.42%
Department of Transportation	\$5,582,268,332	9.63%
Department of Housing and Urban Development	\$3,541,750,198	6.11%
Department of Labor	\$916,842,724	1.58%
Department of Energy	\$326,221,672	0.56%
Environmental Protection Agency	\$183,380,097	0.32%
Department of Homeland Security	\$175,477,554	0.30%
Department of the Interior	\$170,638,964	0.29%
Department of Justice	\$160,970,056	0.28%
Corporation for National and Community Service	\$49,438,207	0.09%
Election Assistance Council	\$17,867,697	0.03%
Institute of Museum and Library Services	\$13,497,360	0.02%
Department of Commerce	\$9,470,720	0.02%
Executive Office of the President	\$5,706,418	0.01%
U.S. Institute of Museum and Library Services	\$5,256,514	0.01%
Social Security Administration	\$4,251,112	0.01%
Department of Defense	\$2,156,110	0.00%
Appalachian Regional Commission	\$537,429	0.00%
National Endowment for the Humanities	\$35,707	0.00%
Total	\$57,956,463,116	100.00%



Recipients of Federal Investments

Most of the resources originating from the federal budget, at 76 percent, is dispersed through state, township, county, or other districts of government. **The largest recipient of federal investment is the State of Ohio government, receiving around two-thirds of the total.** The State then disburses the dollars to other organizations to support local activities.

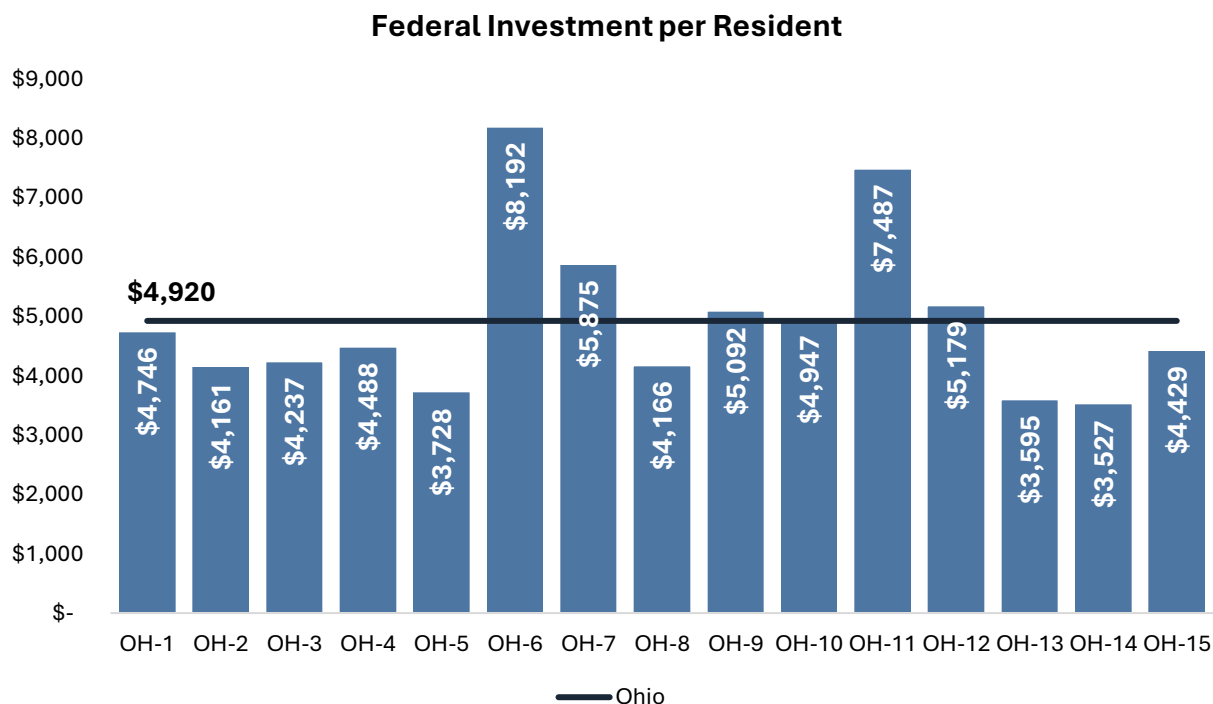
Organization Type	Spending	Percent
State Government	\$36,203,397,314	62.47%
Higher Education	\$5,429,179,605	9.37%
City of Township Government	\$4,342,748,220	7.49%
Other	\$3,565,592,202	6.15%
County Government	\$3,491,877,349	6.03%
Nonprofit	\$2,605,579,029	4.50%
For-Profit Organization (Not Small Business)	\$974,343,949	1.68%
School Districts	\$466,324,327	0.80%
Individual	\$357,558,956	0.62%
Small Business	\$261,895,740	0.45%
Special District of Government	\$256,730,959	0.44%
Regional Organizations	\$1,235,500	0.00%
Total	\$57,956,463,150	100.00%

Congressional District Overview

Entities in Ohio's 6th Congressional District received the most investment, at over \$6.4 billion, \$600 million more than the second leading congressional district. This district represents the eastern side of the state on the banks of the Ohio River and is also considered part of the central and eastern Appalachia region of Ohio. In 2021, the Appalachian Community Grant program was created through an awarding of \$500 million in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) dollars from the Department of Treasury. This grant is used to improve infrastructure, promote workforce growth in the region, and invest in healthcare. This district also received \$43 million in investment from the Corporation for National and Community Service, representing 86 percent of funding dispersed throughout the state. This agency oversees programs such as AmeriCorps.



Entities in Ohio's 14th Congressional District received the least amount of federal investment, at a little less than \$2.8 billion. This district contains Lake, Geauga, Portage, Ashtabula, and Trumbull counties and borders Lake Erie and Pennsylvania. District 14 saw fewer resources from the Department of Agriculture, Commerce, Justice, Housing and Urban Development, Interior, and the Social Security Administration. Residents in this district had relatively low rates of SNAP usage, around 10 percent, which may help to explain less funding awarded from the Department of Agriculture. Investments from the Departments of Commerce and Housing and Urban Development tends to be tied to urban areas through housing programs. The Social Security Administration (SSA) also has low allocations to the district. Funding from the SSA is related to work incentives for individuals on disability. However, District 14 has higher numbers of older adults compared to other districts, over 155,000, many of whom likely are not working or are unable to work.



OH-1 – Congressman Greg Landsman (D-Cincinnati)

Geography: Warren County, eastern half of Hamilton County including the city of Cincinnati.

FFY 2021: \$3.7 billion

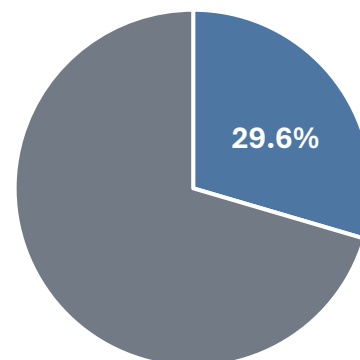
- \$4,746 per person within the congressional district.
- 6.46% of all federal investments within the state of Ohio.

Top 3 Federal Agency Awards

- Department of the Treasury (\$1.4 billion)
- Department of Health and Human Services (\$983.4 million)
- Department of Education (\$357.9 million)

29.55% of all investment by the Environmental Protection Agency to Ohio entities happened in the 1st Congressional District.

Over one-fourth of investment from the EPA occurred in the 1st district



OH-2 – Congressman David Taylor (R-Amelia)

Geography: All of Adams, Brown, Pike, Clermont, Highland, Clinton, Ross, Pickaway, Hocking, Vinton, Jackson, Gallia, Meigs, Lawrence, and Scioto counties, as well as parts of Fayette County. The Ohio River borders the district to the south.

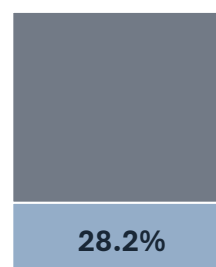
FFY 2021: \$3.3 billion

- \$4,161 per person within the congressional district.
- 5.65% of all federal investments within the state of Ohio.

Top 3 Federal Agency Awards

- Department of Education (\$999.4 million)
- Department of Health and Human Services (\$613.8 million)
- Department of Agriculture (\$525.6 million)

The 2nd district received the second most investment from the Department of Interior, due to wildlife refuges and historical sites.



This district received large awards for the Appalachian Regional Commission and from the U.S. Institute of Museum and Library Services.



OH-3 – Congresswoman Joyce Beatty (D - Columbus)

Geography: Located entirely in Franklin County and contains most of the city of Columbus.

FFY 2021: \$3.3 billion

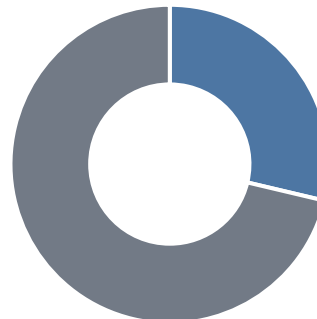
- \$4,237 per person within the congressional district.
- 5.74% of all federal spending within the state of Ohio.

Top 3 Federal Agency Awards

- Department of Health and Human Services (\$1.1 billion)
- Department of Education (\$721.2 million)
- Department of Agriculture (\$445.3 million)

Residents from the 3rd district received the most total support from the Social Security Administration in Ohio.

The 3rd district had almost one-third of the investment from the U.S. Institute of Museum and Library Services, the highest in the state.



OH-4 – Congressman Jim Jordan (R – Urbana)

Geography: All of Allen, Ashland, Auglaize, Champaign, Hardin, Logan, Marion, Morrow, Richland, and Union counties, as well as parts of Delaware, Shelby, and Wyandot counties.

FFY 2021: \$3.6 billion

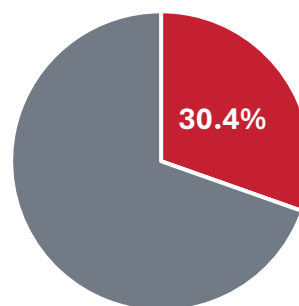
- \$4,488 per person within the congressional district.
- 6.13% of all federal investments within the state of Ohio.

Top 3 Federal Agency Awards

- Department of Education (\$1.2 billion)
- Department of Health and Human Services (\$769.2 million)
- Department of the Treasury (\$729.1 million)

Entities in the 4th district received the most investment from the Department of Energy in the state.

The 4th district had the most investment from the Election Assistance Council in the state, at almost one-third of the granted award.



OH-5 – Congressman Bob Latta (R – Bowling Green)

Geography: North central and northwestern Ohio, bordering Indiana. Includes all of Crawford, Hancock, Henry, Huron, Lorain, Mercer, Paulding, Putnam, Seneca, and Van Wert counties, as well as parts of Wood and Wyandot counties.

FFY 2021: \$2.9 billion

- \$3,728 per person within the congressional district.
- 5.06% of all federal investment within the state of Ohio.

Top 3 Federal Agency Awards

- Department of Education (\$985.2 million)
- Department of Transportation (\$460.5 million)
- Department of the Treasury (\$442.9 million)

The 5th Congressional District is a primarily agricultural-producing district.

Among districts with Defense spending, the 5th district recorded the smallest amount.



OH-6 – Congressman Michael Rulli (R – Salem)

Geography: Eastern Ohio, bordering Pennsylvania and West Virginia, including Appalachian Ohio. Includes all of Belmont, Carroll, Columbiana, Harrison, Jefferson, Mahoning, Monroe, Noble, and Washington counties, as well as parts of Stark and Tuscarawas counties.

FFY 2021: \$6.4 billion

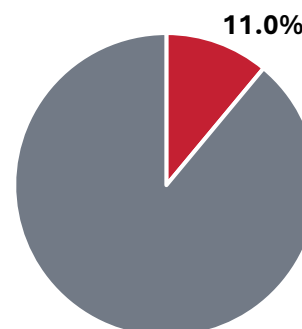
- \$8,192 per person within the congressional district.
- 11.04% of all federal spending within the state of Ohio.

Top 3 Federal Agency Awards

- Department of Agriculture (\$2.6 billion)
- Department of Education (\$1.7 billion)
- Department of the Treasury (\$603.6 million)

Entities in this district received the most investment from the Departments of the Interior, Homeland Security, Agriculture, and Education. These dollars supported hunger relief, watershed restoration, disaster relief, local emergency services, and educational responses to COVID-19.

The 6th district benefitted from the largest share of federal investment in the state.



OH-7 – Congressman Max Miller (R – Rocky River)

Geography: All of Medina and Wayne counties, as well as parts of Cuyahoga and Holmes counties.

FFY 2021: \$4.6 billion

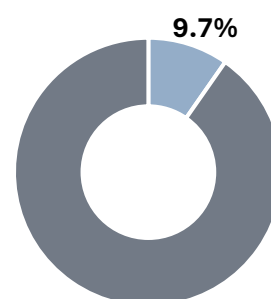
- \$5,875 per person within the congressional district.
- 7.93% of all federal investments within the state of Ohio.

Top 3 Federal Agency Awards

- Department of the Treasury (\$1.8 billion)
- Department of Health and Human Services (\$829.8 million)
- Department of Education (\$645.6 million)

The 7th district received a large amount of funding from the Executive Office of the President to support local law enforcement disrupting and dismantling drug trafficking.

The 7th district had the second most Department of Defense spending.



OH-8 – Congressman Warren Davidson (R – Troy)

Geography: All of Butler, Darke, and Preble counties, as well as parts of Hamilton and Miami counties. Borders with the Ohio River and Indiana.

FFY 2021: \$3.3 billion

- \$4,166 per person within the congressional district.
- 5.64% of all federal investments within the state of Ohio.

Top 3 Federal Agency Awards

- Department of the Treasury (\$1.0 billion)
- Department of Health and Human Services (\$721.9 million)
- Department of Transportation (\$463.9 million).

Entities in the district receive a large amount of funding from the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), due to its proximity to the Ohio River.

The 8th district receives most of its federal investment from the Department of the Treasury



OH-9 – Congresswoman Marcy Kaptur (D – Toledo)

Geography: Northwestern Ohio, bordering Indiana and Lake Erie. Includes all of Defiance, Williams, Fulton, Lucas, Ottawa, and Sandusky counties, as well as part of Wood County.

FFY 2021: \$4.0 billion

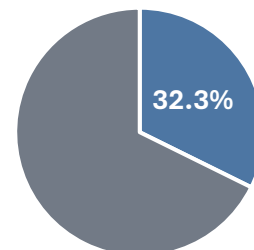
- \$5,092 per person within the congressional district.
- 6.88% of all federal investments within the state of Ohio.

Top 3 Federal Agency Awards

- Department of Education (\$1.5 billion)
- Department of Health and Human Services (\$708.5 million)
- Department of Agriculture (\$517.9 million)

The 9th district receives the most funding from the Department of Defense, likely the result of the Ohio Air National Guard's 180th Fighter Wing being stationed in the district.

The 9th district receives almost one-third of the Department of Defense funding to the state



OH-10 – Congressman Mike Turner (R – Dayton)

Geography: Southwestern Ohio. All of Montgomery and Greene counties, as well as part of Greene County.

FFY 2021: \$3.9 billion

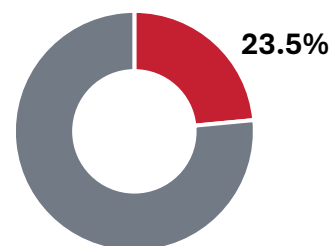
- \$4,947 per person within the congressional district.
- 6.70% of all federal investments within the state of Ohio.

Top 3 Federal Agency Awards

- Department of Education (\$1.6 billion)
- Department of Health and Human Services (\$639.8 million)
- Department of Treasury (\$538.1 million)

The district receives the most investment from the Department of Commerce as the city of Dayton received a grant to add electric generators to its water system following a widespread water outage after the system lost power during the 2020 Memorial Day tornadoes.

The 10th district receives one-fourth of the investments from the Department of Commerce, but it makes up less than one percent of the federal dollars used in the entire district



OH-11 – Congresswoman Shontel Brown (D – Warrensville Heights)

Geography: Northern and eastern part of Cuyahoga County.

FFY 2021: \$5.8 billion

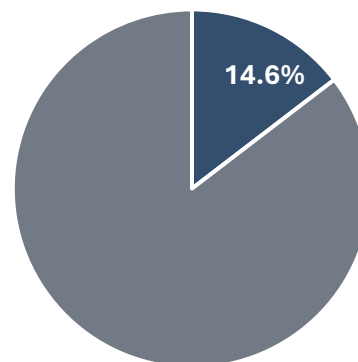
- \$7,487 per person within the congressional district.
- 10.03% of all federal investment within the state of Ohio.

Top 3 Federal Agency Awards

- Department of Treasury (\$2.83 billion)
- Department of Health and Human Services (\$1.13 billion)
- Department of Agriculture (\$601.8 million)

Entities in the 11th district received the most investment from the Department of Health and Human Services, representing over one-tenth of the HHS budget allocated for Ohioans.

The 11th district has the highest federal award from the Department of Housing and Urban Development



OH-12 – Congressman Troy Balderson (R – Zanesville)

Geography: Several counties east of Franklin County in Central Ohio.

FFY 2021: \$4.1 billion

- \$5,179 per person within the congressional district.
- 7.07% of all federal investments within the state of Ohio.

Top 3 Federal Agency Awards

- Department of Agriculture (\$1.19 billion)
- Department of Education (\$963.8 million)
- Department of Health and Human Services (\$680.2 million)

This district is one of two that received investment from the Corporation for National and Community Service, which funds the AmeriCorps jobs program.

The 12th district has the second highest federal award from the Department of Agriculture



OH-13 – Congresswoman Emilia Sykes (D – Akron)

Geography: Summit County and the northern half of Stark County.

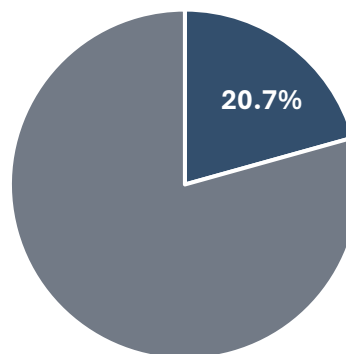
FFY 2021: \$2.8 billion

- \$3,595 per person within the congressional district.
- 4.86% of all federal investments within the state of Ohio.

Top 3 Federal Agency Awards

- Department of Treasury (\$800.8 million)
- Department of Health and Human Services (\$582.5 million)
- Department of Education (\$564.9 million)

Over one-fifth of the federal investments in the 13th district were from the Department of Health and Human Services



The 13th district contains Akron and Canton, two large cities in Ohio.

OH-14 – Congressman Dave Joyce (R – Bainbridge Township)

Geography: Lake, Geauga, Portage, Ashtabula, and Trumbull counties. Borders Lake Erie and Pennsylvania.

FFY 2021: \$2.8 billion

- \$3,527 per person within the congressional district.
- 4.78% of all federal investments within the state of Ohio.

Top 3 Federal Agency Awards

- Department of Education (\$1.1 billion)
- Department of Health and Human Services (\$487.7 million)
- Department of the Treasury (\$362.5 million)

The 14th district had the lowest federal investment in the state.



Residents in the 14th district received the least support from the Department of Agriculture, via the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program.



OH-15 – Congressman Mike Carey (R – Columbus)

Geography: Part of Miami, Shelby, Clark, Madison, Fayette, and Franklin counties, spanning between Columbus and Dayton.

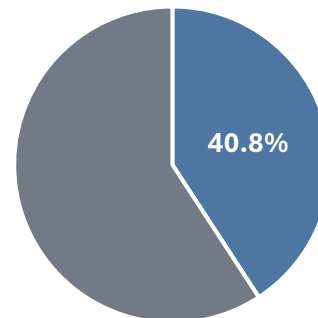
FFY 2021: \$3.5 billion

- \$4,429 per person within the congressional district.
- 6.00% of all federal investments within the state of Ohio.

Top 3 Federal Agency Awards

- Department of Education (\$980 million)
- Department of Health and Human Services (\$890.1 million)
- Department of Agriculture (\$521.4 million)

The 15th district received 41 percent of the investments from the U.S. Institute of Library and Museum Services



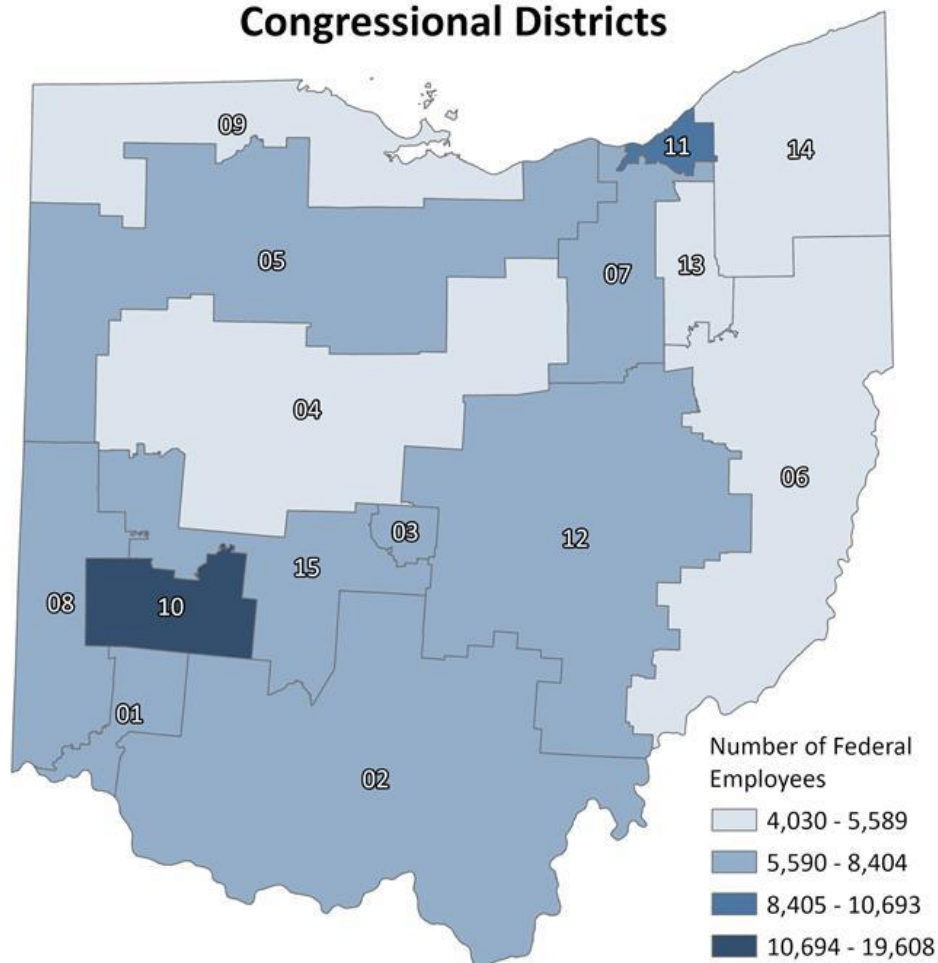
The 15th district has some of the largest awards from the Institute of Museum and Library Services and the National Endowment for the Humanities, likely due to a library technology organization that exists in the district.



Federal Workforce

There are almost 114,000 federal employees that live in Ohio, the 11th highest in the nation. Ohio is also third for Department of Defense (DOD) Air Force civilian employees and fourth for DOD civilian employees. The Ohio 10th Congressional District, which contains Montgomery, Greene, and part of Clarke County, has the largest federal workforce with almost 20,000 employees. This region contains the Wright Patterson Air Force Base, which likely explains the larger population of federal employees.

Number of Federal Employees in each of Ohio's U.S. Congressional Districts



Congressional District	2023 Unemployment Rate (%)	Potential Unemployment Rate if all Federal Employees Were Laid Off (%)
OHIO	4.8	6.7
1.	4.7	6.7
2.	4.5	6.4
3.	4.9	6.6
4.	4	5
5.	4	5.8
6.	5	6.4
7.	3.6	5.6
8.	4.4	6.3
9.	5.7	6.9
10.	5.6	10.7
11.	8.9	11.6
12.	3.8	5.5
13.	4.9	5.9
14.	4.7	5.9
15.	4.1	5.8

The current Trump Administration is undergoing efforts to reshape the federal workforce through [“large-scale reductions in force.”](#) The goal of these labor reductions is to reduce governmental costs and spending and improve efficiency. **The current unemployment rate for Ohio is 4.8 percent. If all federal employees in Ohio lost their jobs, that rate would jump to 6.7 percent.** This number only includes federal government employees as designated by U.S. Census estimates. Including contractors, academic institutions, and other organizations that rely on federal funding to retain employees, this number would be much higher.

Federal employees support the labor force in every congressional district in Ohio. In some districts, like the 10th and 11th district, the unemployment rate would almost double if all federal employees were subject to governmental efficiency cuts. These districts host some large federal employers – Wright Patterson Air Force Base in Congressional District 10 and the FBI, Federal Courthouse, Coast Guard, VA Hospital, and Defense Finance Accounting Service, to name a few, in Congressional District 11.

Federal employees are being laid off – and then not – and then sometimes laid off again in attempts to curb “unnecessary” government spending. However, the United States has a [proportionally smaller federal workforce](#) than that in other countries and has not kept pace with population growth. Though the Administration has cited the United States as having



[“too many federal employees,”](#) the workforce has only grown by about 400,000 since the 1960s, to 2.4 million in January 2025.

Conclusion

Federal investments permeate every aspect of Ohio’s communities, underpinning businesses large and small, providing resources directly to residents, and supporting an expansive array of activities and services. This analysis has examined federal grants and awards distributed at the congressional district level, while previous research from The Center for Community Solutions explored [how county budgets](#) allocate federal investments. Stay tuned in the coming weeks for Congressional Factsheets with more detailed insights on federal funding and other data in each of Ohio’s congressional districts!



Appendix tables:

Funding by agency

District	Appalachian Regional Commission	Coop for National and Community Service	Department of Agriculture	Department of Commerce	Department of Defense	Department of Education	Department of Energy	Department of Health and Human Service	Department of Homeland Security	Department of Housing and Urban Development	Department of Justice
Congressional District 1	-	-	\$263,293,551	-	-	\$357,928,276	\$8,458,183	\$983,432,357	\$7,803,515	\$297,206,684	\$13,092,234
Congressional District 2	\$250,000	-	\$525,558,038	-	-	\$999,438,239	\$4,339,734	\$613,751,964	\$19,655,507	\$137,791,976	\$9,778,753
Congressional District 3	-	-	\$445,250,331	\$192,255	\$454,111	\$721,231,962	\$60,786,408	\$1,084,953,540	\$7,780,347	\$300,982,870	\$11,596,302
Congressional District 4	-	-	\$253,022,504	\$122,247	-	\$1,163,236,425	\$61,177,917	\$769,236,825	\$4,200,522	\$107,475,678	\$6,362,588
Congressional District 5	-	-	\$371,983,409	\$495,654	-	\$985,153,133	\$728,223	\$417,288,743	\$9,019,893	\$128,642,994	\$8,725,322
Congressional District 6	\$287,429	\$43,240,851	\$2,604,888,599	\$1,770,390	\$56,776	\$1,736,797,025	\$1,155,210	\$535,123,837	\$53,142,067	\$205,080,006	\$5,753,746
Congressional District 7	-	-	\$441,172,282	\$394,924	-	\$645,564,306	\$20,029,672	\$829,820,195	\$6,625,264	\$337,251,271	\$15,611,374
Congressional District 8	-	-	\$298,165,201	-	\$206,993	\$443,972,299	\$6,078,163	\$721,881,637	\$4,865,532	\$220,663,022	\$10,380,715
Congressional District 9	-	-	\$517,918,530	\$1,332,937	\$697,036	\$1,515,791,134	\$17,592,428	\$708,507,544	\$6,579,894	\$220,004,060	\$12,373,858
Congressional District 10	-	-	\$435,498,230	\$2,224,289	\$303,857	\$1,596,411,942	\$14,925,182	\$639,790,005	\$4,419,227	\$223,107,441	\$10,763,766
Congressional District 11	-	-	\$601,841,594	\$647,408	-	\$275,099,121	\$32,102,069	\$1,133,862,561	\$8,943,205	\$516,507,453	\$21,105,929
Congressional District 12	-	\$6,197,356	\$1,191,021,855	\$2,059,453	\$-	\$963,796,641	\$35,180,296	\$680,202,529	\$14,193,134	\$131,631,728	\$5,491,005
Congressional District 13	-	-	\$240,006,834	-	-	\$564,876,240	\$13,606,656	\$582,446,083	\$14,170,479	\$300,573,034	\$11,941,835
Congressional District 14	-	-	\$224,888,154	\$98,558	\$124,117	\$1,113,761,455	\$7,915,486	\$467,761,367	\$7,884,555	\$165,365,069	\$8,485,050
Congressional District 15	-	-	\$521,373,214	\$132,607	\$313,221	\$980,022,065	\$42,146,045	\$890,060,841	\$6,194,413	\$249,466,911	\$9,507,579
Total	\$537,429	\$49,438,207	\$8,935,882,326	\$9,470,720	\$2,156,110	\$14,063,080,263	\$326,221,672	\$11,058,120,029	\$175,477,554	\$3,541,750,198	\$160,970,056



Department of Labor	Department of the Interior	Department of Treasury	Department of Transportation	Election Assistance Council	Environmental Protection Agency	Executive Office of the President	U.S. Institute of Museum and Library Services	National Endowment for the Humanities	Social Security Administration	Total by Congressional District	District
\$75,034,331	\$1,919,755	\$1,427,210,676	\$253,041,715	\$236,734	\$54,189,020	-	\$1,673,783	-	\$11,748	\$3,744,532,561	District 1
\$37,521,095	\$48,181,551	\$346,753,601	\$518,296,756	\$2,070,111	\$4,769,454	-	\$5,268,640	-	\$85	\$3,273,425,505	District 2
\$912,884	\$2,997,723	\$423,041,475	\$261,210,150	-	\$670,682	-	\$5,387,834	\$21,132	\$1,052,564	\$3,328,522,568	District 3
\$88,193,442	\$14,497,049	\$729,050,699	\$351,214,144	\$5,429,974	\$1,679,467	-	\$15,606	-	\$703,379	\$3,555,618,464	District 4
\$72,751,722	\$2,440,311	\$442,934,710	\$460,543,754	\$1,402,240	\$29,389,793	-	-	-	-	\$2,931,499,902	District 5
\$48,120,268	\$60,506,455	\$603,575,838	\$499,978,341	\$559,829	\$1,069,000	-	-	-	-	\$6,401,105,665	District 6
\$76,721,501	\$1,300,266	\$1,835,733,256	\$378,067,920	\$698,968	\$4,566,525	\$2,162,074	\$185,232	-	\$418,770	\$4,596,323,798	District 7
\$40,488,341	\$2,495,371	\$1,027,036,197	\$463,902,295	\$744,521	\$28,390,720	-	\$878,667	-	\$6,167	\$3,270,155,842	District 8
\$110,144,003	\$5,039,524	\$496,190,139	\$346,730,145	\$738,813	\$27,267,778	-	\$360,419	-	-	\$3,987,268,241	District 9
\$61,918,879	\$1,132,064	\$538,120,178	\$353,618,638	\$537,100	\$180,546	-	-	-	-	\$3,882,951,344	District 10
\$114,311,958	\$2,131,559	\$2,830,679,210	\$262,564,606	\$915,753	\$6,256,526	\$3,544,344	\$303,656	-	\$686,501	\$5,811,503,455	District 11
\$90,471,863	\$21,351,756	\$464,071,499	\$494,841,429	\$2,948,913	\$2,194,392	-	\$4,576	\$-	\$206,263	\$4,105,864,688	District 12
\$5,355,121	\$2,493,082	\$800,833,820	\$279,058,645	\$208,444	\$2,148,421	-	\$67,670	-	\$439,635	\$2,818,225,999	District 13
\$78,391,075	\$1,480,109	\$362,476,919	\$308,609,570	\$1,376,297	\$20,145,173	-	\$891,561	-	-	\$2,769,654,516	District 14
\$16,506,240	\$2,672,388	\$405,905,412	\$350,590,223	-	\$462,600	-	\$3,716,231	\$14,575	\$726,000	\$3,479,810,567	District 15
\$916,842,724	\$170,638,964	\$12,733,613,627	\$5,582,268,332	\$17,867,697	\$183,380,097	\$5,706,418	\$18,753,874	\$35,707	\$4,251,112	\$57,956,463,116	Total



Percent of total funding by congressional district

Congressional District	% of total funding in Ohio	Population	Per Capita
Congressional District 1	6.46%	788,977	\$4,746
Congressional District 2	5.65%	786,699	\$4,161
Congressional District 3	5.74%	785,542	\$4,237
Congressional District 4	6.13%	792,206	\$4,488
Congressional District 5	5.06%	786,317	\$3,728
Congressional District 6	11.04%	781,400	\$8,192
Congressional District 7	7.93%	782,342	\$5,875
Congressional District 8	5.64%	784,950	\$4,166
Congressional District 9	6.88%	783,014	\$5,092
Congressional District 10	6.70%	784,850	\$4,947
Congressional District 11	10.03%	776,190	\$7,487
Congressional District 12	7.08%	792,715	\$5,179
Congressional District 13	4.86%	783,863	\$3,595
Congressional District 14	4.78%	785,287	\$3,527
Congressional District 15	6.00%	785,694	\$4,429
TOTAL	100%	11,780,046	\$4920 AVERAGE



Federal Investments by Congressional District

Outlining the resources
supporting Ohio entities



communitysolutions.com

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